Surveying the sustainable infrastructure landscape, normative approaches and initiatives:

Infrastructures From Risk Management and Ecosystem Retrofitters to Sustainability Accelerators

> UNEMG- UN-ENVIRONMENT NEXUS DIALOGUE – GENEVA

### ALEXANDRE B. HEDJAZI



DE L'ENVIRONNEMENT

### 1- Global Context of Infrastructures development



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2- In search of new tools to conceptualize best practices

## SDG 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Cities are today's living laboratories that encourage shifts in urban development strategies and **put real-world challenges into context** 

The tools, resources and networks a city has to offer tend to be greatly underutilized within the nexus and system logic

While constructivist problem-based learning has increasingly become integrated on the ground with much success, there still remains a gap in policy formulation and strategic thinking :

How to go from problem identification

To the formulation and implementation of Impactful innovative and adaptive solutions

SDG 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable SDG 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all SDG 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

SDG 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts. SDG 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss SDG 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

### **Fundamental Questions :**

What policy instruments/tools do policy makers have to ensure better (cross-sectoral) integration across governance frameworks? What lessons can be learnt from past experiences?

How can these policies be Impactful? What are reliable indicators for progress in the area?

**3- Using infrastructures and infrasystems as frame of reference** 

### Case 1 : Value Creation through Green and DDR Infrastructure development in Geneva



# Core Definitions

### From Infrastructures...

The basic physical and organizational structures and facilities (e.g. grid, water, transportation) needed for the operation of a society or enterprise.

### ► ... †○ Infrasystems

Networks (nodes and links) of material and social elements to collectively participate in delivery of key services to the society in relation with their natural environment.

Sociotechnical complexes refers to a broad community of involved groups including the engineering community, scientists, policy-makers, users and <u>interest groups</u>, their cognitive routines and their alignment of activities, resulting in development along 'technological trajectories'

### Re-Greening the river Aire in Geneva



Ecological engineering for management of urbanized systems => Biodiversity retrofitting , Climate change adaptation / permeability increase , public / leisure space development

# Case 2 : Value Creation through energy and transportation infrastrcture integration : Geneva...and its airport

Genève

Landlocked border city between two countries (France and Switzerland), defining a cross-Country metropolitan area of 1 mil.

ollonge Belleriv

A city of 300,000 with the target of being 100% renewable energy-based by 2050.

Historically very localized and distributed, decision-making process.

Home of a lot of IOs, one of the seats of global governance.

revessin-Moens

### ..rapid growth of air traffic

- Geneva Airport: 17.35 mil passengers (+4.8% YoY)
- 427 mil US\$ revenue; 11,000 employees (1,000 direct).
- Extremely close to the city center and right on the border with France.

Controversial: friction with powerful and vocal citizen groups & municipalities around the airport in both Switzerland and France because of noise and pollution.



PSIA GVA & Intraplan 2014

## EAST WING PROJECT

Response to expected increase is infrastructural addition: a new East wing (2014-2020.)

#### Advanced sustainability parameters:

- 5000m2 of solar panels
- Rainwater recovery
- Thermal insulation
- ► Etc.

Increase in controversy with neighboring municipalities.

Citizens groups managed to impose restriction on concurrent gate use from down to 6 from 9.

But how ROBUST is this infrastructural addition? Can it ADAPT to the different scenariii?

# Genilac distance / remote heating project for the UN buildings

- Circular heat-sinking system based on lake water at 45m maintains 7°C stable temperature throughout the year.
- Originated by State of Geneva, City of Geneva, FIPOI and SIG as a proof-ofconcept GLN system serving the UN buildings (2008).
- In 2016 evolved to GENILAC and scaled up 10x energy-wise.
- Aims at providing 140MW by 2022, CO2 reductions by 80%



Source: SIG 2016

# INTERCONNECTIONS



- GENILAC will connect with the airport in 2022, serving the entire new west wing.
- The airport becomes the hub for connecting to GENILAC the surrounding municipalities, whose sustainability agendas get a boost.
- The airport creates momentum local for sustainability agendas.
- Genilac adds to the robustness of infrastrucural addition: the East Wing investment becomes more easily recoupable by sharing benefits -even should the traffic scenario change.

### Transport Infrastructure



 Public transportation including TOSA BUS (Flash charging)

- Railway connection
- Soft mobility network (pedestrian and bike bridges)
- Individual cars

### 3- Understanding Infrasystem integration

### System Components:

- Nodes
- Links
- Socio-technical complex

### Proximity:

- Co-Location
- Coordination
- Sharing

### **Basic Function**

- Similar
- Different

# Infrasystems capacity for Sustainability Acceleration & Amplification

Acceleration: Overcome time/resources/power limitations because of momentum triggerered by positive externalities of another project.

Amplification: scaling up and bringing new actors into a collective sustainability strategy on the basis of concrete projects' integration. Supportive ecosystem

Reflexive leadership

Availability of resources

Inter-agency coordination

# To jumpstart Infrasystem integration Scale and decision making ecosystem matters

Mid-scale (Midsize cities , neighborhoods) work better

Jump-start projects with less constituents and less dispersion of authority.

Include Socio-technical complexes in solution building

Accelerate and Amplify sustianbility agenda -> Use Infrassytems as a paradigmatic example to trigger Reflexive Leadership

### 4-Where to Begin & What to Deliver?

Start from the particular

- Consider financial & environmental benefits of specific forms of integration
- Identify process nodes in non-exclusive networks.

Start from the global agenda ( eg SDGs)

Align global and local strategies through integration.

 Develop Reflexive Leadership for consensus-building.

### 6- Critical Infrasystems and Sustainability

- With their scale and scope of activities and their ecological footprint and social role, critical infrasystems can direct flows (and resources) towards greater efficiency, social equity and wellbeing of the population (or the opposite).

- Any decision on Infrasystem development and retrofitting today has multiple intended and unintended consequences and will determine effectiveness of service delivery capacity while triggering and supporting sustainability change

- They can be drivers of a change agenda or breaks to any change